

UNCLASSIFIED
Department of State

INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 01 USUN N 03884 01 OF 07 082332Z
ACTION 10-15

5107

INFO OCT-00 COPY-01 ADS-00 INR-10 EUR-00 SS-10 OIG-02
AF-00 CIAE-00 EA-12 DOME-00 H-01 NEA-07 NSD-01
ARA-00 NSAE-00 L-03 DOD-10 PH-09 PA-02 S&A-01
OES-09 ACDA-12 SSN-02 USEC-00 SP-02 SNG-01 SPS-01
/149 W

CONTROL AGREEMENTS STILL IN FORCE, PROHIBITS THE USE
OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS IN WARFARE. IT WAS FOLLOWED IN
1972, BY THE BIOLOGICAL AND TOXIN WEAPONS CONVENTION,
WHICH FORBIDS THE PRODUCTION, STOCKPILING, OR
TRANSFER OF BIOLOGICAL OR TOXIN WEAPONS. YET EACH OF
THESE HAS BEEN VIOLATED BY THE SOVIET UNION. AS
PRESIDENT REAGAN STATED ON NOVEMBER 22:

1986
R

-----035027 090009Z /63

P 082332Z DEC 82
FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5451
INFO AMEMBASSY DJIBOUTI
AMEMBASSY MOGADISHU
AMEMBASSY ADDIS ABABA
AMEMBASSY MOSCOW
AMEMBASSY BANGKOK
AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD
AMEMBASSY KABUL PRIORITY
AMEMBASSY VIENTIANE PRIORITY
USMISSION GENEVA

Handwritten initials: JCBW

UNCLAS SECTION 01 OF 07 USUN NEW YORK 03884

E.O. 12356: N/A
TAGS: PARM, UNGA
SUBJECT: U.S. STATEMENT ON CHEMICAL WEAPONS USE

FOLLOWING IS TEXT OF U.S. STATEMENT ON CHEMICAL WEAPONS
USE DELIVERED IN UNGA FIRST COMMITTEE ON DECEMBER 8
BY AMBASSADOR KENNETH ADELMAN. RECOMMEND DEPARTMENT
CONSIDER REPETITION OF THIS CABLE TO NAM COLLECTIVE OR
LARGER DISTRIBUTION FOR POSTS' BACKGROUND AND DISCUSSION
OF CW ISSUE WITH MOST GOVERNMENTS AS APPROPRIATE.

BEGIN TEXT.

MR. CHAIRMAN:

YPRES, APRIL 22, 1915: JUST BEFORE DUSK A GREENISH
CLOUD OF CHLORINE GAS DRIFTED OVER THE ALLIED LINES
CAUSING BURNING, PANIC AND FOR MANY LINGERING DEATH
OF UNSPEAKABLE AGONY. MOST SURVIVORS OF THAT FIRST
GAS ATTACK ARE NOW GONE, YET THEIR CRIES WERE HEARD
AND ECHO STILL THROUGH THIS CENTURY. THEIR SUFFERING
LED AFTER THE WAR TO SIGNATURE OF THE 1925 GENEVA GAS
PROTOCOL BANNING THE USE IN WAR OF CHEMICAL AND
BACTERIOLOGICAL WEAPONS.

LOWGHAR PROVINCE, AFGHANISTAN, SEPTEMBER 13, 1982:
SOVIET SOLDIERS PUMPED TOXIC GAS INTO AN UNDERGROUND
PASSAGEWAY KILLING 60 AFGHAN ADULTS AND 13 CHILDREN.
THE VICTIMS OF THAT ATTACK DECOMPOSED IMMEDIATELY
WITH FLESH PEELING FROM THE BONE AND BLUE-BLACK
SKIN. YET, UNLIKE CASUALTIES OF YPRES, THEIR AGONIES
HAVE BEEN IGNORED BY A WORLD GROWN USED TO THE
UNSPEAKABLE.

THE CONTINUING USE OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS, RESPONSIBLE
FOR THE DEATH OF AT LEAST 10,000 PERSONS IN
AFGHANISTAN AND SOUTHEAST ASIA, IS A MAJOR
HUMANITARIAN ISSUE OF OUR TIMES AND IS IN STARK
CONTRAST TO THE PROGRESS ALL NATIONS SEEK TOWARD REAL
AND VERIFIABLE DISARMAMENT. VIOLATION OF THE OLDEST
ARMS CONTROL AGREEMENTS HAVE IMPLICATIONS FOR ALL
ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGREEMENTS WHICH CANNOT
BE IGNORED. HOW THEN CAN WE MAINTAIN THE CREDIBILITY
OF INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS OR BELIEVE PLEDGES TO
RESPECT HUMAN RIGHTS?

THE 1925 GENEVA GAS PROTOCOL, ONE OF THE OLDEST ARMS

- "THE WHOLE WORLD REMAINS OUTRAGED BY THE SOVIETS'
- AND THEIR ALLIES' USE OF BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL
- WEAPONS AGAINST DEFENSELESS PEOPLE IN
- AFGHANISTAN, CAMBODIA AND LAOS. THIS EXPERIENCE
- MAKES IRONCLAD VERIFICATION ALL THE MORE
- ESSENTIAL FOR ARMS CONTROL."

HOW, DESPITE ALL THESE AGREEMENTS, HAS THE WORLD
REGRESSED FROM YPRES TO SOUTHEAST ASIA AND
AFGHANISTAN THROUGH THREE SUCCESSIVELY MORE LETHAL
GENERATIONS OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS? THE GASES OF WORLD
WAR I, LIKE PHOSGENE, CHLORINE AND MUSTARD GAVE WAY
TO NERVE GASES, DEVELOPED BUT NOT USED IN WORLD WAR
II. TODAY, A THIRD GENERATION OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS IN
THE FORM OF LETHAL TOXINS HAS BEEN DEVELOPED AND IS
IN USE BY THE SOVIET UNION. THESE NEW KILLING
AGENTS, WHICH CAN BE PRODUCED IN LARGE QUANTITIES,
WERE UNTIL RECENTLY UNKNOWN TO WARFARE.

FOR OVER FIVE DECADES ALL OF THESE WEAPONS HAVE BEEN
SUCCESSFULLY ELIMINATED FROM THE BATTLEFIELDS OF THE
INDUSTRIALIZED WORLD. IN WORLD WAR II FEAR OF
RETALIATION WAS AN EFFECTIVE DETERRENT TO USE OF
NERVE GAS. YET IN THE THIRD WORLD, PROTOCOLS ALONE
HAVE NOT PREVENTED USE OF THESE DEADLY SUBSTANCES.
IN ETHIOPIA MANY THOUSANDS DIED FROM CHEMICALS IN THE
1930'S. TODAY, THERE IS CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE THAT
THEY ARE AGAIN IN WIDESPREAD USE AGAINST PEOPLE OF
THE THIRD WORLD.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE A/CDC/MR

REVIEWED by Rafw DATE 11/3/88

- RELEASE () DECLASSIFY
- EXCISE () DECLASSIFY in PART
- DENY () Non-responsive info.

FOI, EO or PA exemptions _____

TS authority to:
() CLASSIFY as _____, OADR
() DOWNGRADE TS to () S or () C, OADR

DECLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

UNCLASSIFIED
Department of State

INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 01 USUN N 03034 02 OF 07 032355Z 5112
ACTION 10-15

INFO OCT-00 COPY-01 ADS-00 INR-10 EUR-00 SS-10 OIC-02
AF-00 CIAE-00 EG-12 CODE-00 H-01 NSA-07 N3C-01
ARA-00 NSAE-00 HA-00 L-00 DOE-00 PI-09 PA-02
SAL-01 OES-00 ACDA-12 SSI-02 USIE-00 CB-02 SIP-01
SPRS-01 /157 W

-----035052 090012Z /53

P 082332Z DEC 82
FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5452
INFO AMEMBASSY DJIBOUTI
AMEMBASSY MOGADISHU
AMEMBASSY ADDIS ABABA
AMEMBASSY MOGOCHE
AMEMBASSY BANGKOK
AMEMBASSY ISLAHABAD
AMEMBASSY KABUL PRIORITY
AMEMBASSY VIENTIANE PRIORITY
USMISSION GENEVA

UNCLAS SECTION 02 OF 07 USUN NEW YORK 03884

IN 1975, WHEN REPORTS OF CHEMICAL WARFARE BEGAN TO COME FROM THE MOST INACCESSIBLE CORNERS OF LAOS, THERE WAS A TENDENCY TO DISBELIEVE, EVEN TO SEEK EXPLANATIONS IN NATURE. YET IN THOSE POISONOUS VAPORS SPRAYED FROM AIRCRAFT, A HILLTRIBE, TOO REMOTE FOR THE OUTSIDE WORLD TO NOTICE, WAS BEING EXPOSED TO THE SAME HORRORS AS TRENCH WARFARE. IN 1976, MORE REPORTS OF CHEMICAL DESTRUCTION CAME FROM THE REMOTE HIGHLAND VILLAGES OF THE HMONG. THE VICTIMS WERE INHABITANTS OF THESE VILLAGES, MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN, PARTICULARLY THE CHILDREN WHO WERE LEAST ABLE TO RESIST THE LETHAL EFFECTS OF TOXIC AGENTS. AS TIME PASSED, THE REPORTS MULTIPLIED FROM MANY SOURCES. THERE WAS NO LONGER DOUBT THAT THE HMONG WERE BEING VICTIMIZED, NOT BY ANY IDENTIFIABLE NERVE GAS BUT BY CHEMICALS UNTIL THEN UNKNOWN TO WARFARE. THEY WERE THE PRODUCTS OF LABORATORIES WITH LONG EXPERIENCE IN DEVELOPMENT OF CHEMICAL WARFARE. IN 1978, THE SAME REPORTS BEGAN TO COME FROM KAMPUCHEA AND IN 1979 FROM AFGHANISTAN. IN 1980, THE US ALONG WITH OTHER NATIONS TOOK THE RESPONSIBLE COURSE OF BRINGING THE ISSUE TO THE UNITED NATIONS. THE 1925 PROTOCOL HAD MADE NO PROVISION FOR INVESTIGATION OF COMPLAINTS, VERIFICATION OR ENFORCEMENT OF COMPLIANCE, AND AN INVESTIGATION WAS SET IN MOTION BY A RESOLUTION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

WHILE THE SOPHISTICATION OF SOVIET CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS AND THE REMOTENESS OF THE AREAS IN WHICH THEY WERE USED CONTINUED TO STAND IN THE WAY OF SCIENTIFIC ANALYSIS, EVIDENCE WAS NONETHELESS MOUNTING. IT CAME FROM:

- TESTIMONY OF THOSE WHO SAW AND SUFFERED FROM THE ATTACKS;
 - TESTIMONY OF DOCTORS, REFUGEE WORKERS,
 - JOURNALISTS AND OTHERS WHO QUESTIONED SURVIVORS OF CHEMICAL USE;
 - TESTIMONY FROM DEFACTORS WHO CARRIED OUT THE ACTUAL ATTACKS;
 - PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS OF PHYSICAL SAMPLES FROM THE ATTACK SITES;
 - DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE FROM OPEN SOURCES AND INTELLIGENCE FROM "NATIONAL TECHNICAL MEANS."
- TAKEN TOGETHER, IT WAS POSSIBLE TO CONCLUDE IN THE WORDS OF A US REPORT CIRCULATED AS UNITED NATIONS DOCUMENT A/37/157 OF MARCH 24, 1982 THAT:

- "LAO AND VIETNAMESE FORCES, OPERATING UNDER SOVIET SUPERVISION, HAVE, SINCE 1975, EMPLOYED LETHAL CHEMICAL AND TOXIN WEAPONS IN LAOS; THAT VIETNAMESE FORCES, SINCE 1978, USED LETHAL CHEMICAL AND TOXIN AGENTS IN KAMPUCHEA; AND THAT SOVIET FORCES HAVE USED A VARIETY OF LETHAL CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS, INCLUDING NERVE GASES, IN AFGHANISTAN SINCE THE SOVIET INVASION OF THAT COUNTRY IN 1979."

HOW, IT IS POSSIBLE TO STATE WITH CERTAINTY, INCLUDING POSITIVE SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE FROM EACH COUNTRY, THAT TOXIN WEAPONS OF SOVIET ORIGIN ARE IN USE IN AFGHANISTAN, KAMPUCHEA AND LAOS. A COMPREHENSIVE REPORT ON THIS EVIDENCE FROM SECRETARY OF STATE GEORGE SHULTZ HAS BEEN CIRCULATED AS UNITED NATIONS DOCUMENT A/C.1/37/10 OF DECEMBER 1, 1982. SECRETARY SHULTZ' REPORT CONCLUDES:

- REPORTS OF CHEMICAL ATTACKS FROM FEBRUARY THROUGH OCTOBER 1982 INDICATE THAT SOVIET FORCES CONTINUE THEIR SELECTIVE USE OF CHEMICALS AND TOXINS AGAINST THE RESISTANCE IN AFGHANISTAN. MOREOVER, NEW EVIDENCE COLLECTED IN 1982 ON SOVIET AND AFGHAN GOVERNMENT FORCES' USE OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS FROM 1979 THROUGH 1981 REINFORCES THE PREVIOUS JUDGEMENT THAT LETHAL CHEMICAL AGENTS WERE USED ON THE AFGHAN RESISTANCE. PHYSICAL SAMPLES FROM AFGHANISTAN ALSO PROVIDE NEW EVIDENCE OF MYCOTOXIN USE.
- VIETNAMESE AND LAO TROOPS, UNDER DIRECT SOVIET SUPERVISION, HAVE CONTINUED TO USE LETHAL AND

UNCLASSIFIED

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

UNCLASSIFIED
Department of State

INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 01 USUN N 03604 03 OF 07 052357Z
ACTION 10-15

5115

INFO OCT-00 COPY-01 ADS-00 IHR-10 EUR-00 CS-10 OIC-02
AF-00 CIAE-00 EA-12 DSE-00 H-01 NSA-07 NSC-01
ARA-00 NSAE-00 HA-00 LCU-00 DOE-00 PG-03 PG-02
SAL-01 CES-03 ACDA-12 SH-02 USIE-00 SP-02 SW-01
SPRG-01 /157 V

IN ATTACKS WHICH CAUSED BLISTERING, NAUSEA, VOMITING,
AND OTHER SYMPTOMS SIMILAR TO THOSE DESCRIBED BY
"YELLOW RAIN" VICTIMS IN SOUTHEAST ASIA. INITIALLY,
IT WAS DIFFICULT TO PROVE THAT TRICHOHECENE
MYCOTOXIN WAS BEING USED, BUT WE ARE NOW IN A
POSITION TO DO SO.

-----035266 090013Z /LC

P 082332Z DEC 82
FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5453
INFO AMEMBASSY DJIBOUTI
AMEMBASSY HOGADICHU
AMEMBASSY ADDIS ABABA
AMEMBASSY MOSCOW
AMEMBASSY BANGKOK
AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD
AMEMBASSY KABUL PRIORITY
AMEMBASSY VIENTIANE PRIORITY
USMISSION GENEVA

THESE SCIENTIFIC FINDINGS ARE CORROBORATED BY
TESTIMONY FROM SOVIET AND AFGHAN PERSONNEL DIRECTLY
INVOLVED IN CHEMICAL ATTACKS. A CAPTURED SOVIET
SOLDIER, ANATOLY BANJAROV, HAS TESTIFIED ON THE USE
OF THREE CHEMICAL AGENTS. SOVIET CHEMICAL SPECIALIST
YURIY PDVARNITSYN HAS PROVIDED DETAILS ON HIS MISSION
TO EXAMINE AFGHAN VILLAGES FOLLOWING A CHEMICAL
ATTACK. AN AFGHAN PATHOLOGIST HAS DESCRIBED
ACCOMPANYING SOVIET CHEMICAL WARFARE PERSONNEL INTO
CONTAMINATED AREAS FOLLOWING SOVIET CHEMICAL ATTACKS,
AND A NUMBER OF FORMER AFGHAN MILITARY OFFICERS HAVE
PINPOINTED STORAGE SITES FOR LETHAL AGENTS IN
AFGHANISTAN.

UNCLAS SECTION 03 OF 07 USUN NEW YORK 03824

- INCAPACITATING CHEMICAL AGENTS AND TOXINS AGAINST
- THE HMOING RESISTANCE IN LAOS THROUGH AT LEAST
- JUNE 1982.
- TRICHOHECENE TOXINS WERE FOUND IN THE URINE,
- BLOOD AND TISSUE OF VICTIMS OF "YELLOW RAIN"
- ATTACKS IN LAOS AND KAMPUCHEA AND IN SAMPLES OF
- RESIDUE COLLECTED AFTER ATTACKS.
- A COMMON FACTOR IN THE EVIDENCE IS SOVIET
- INVOLVEMENT IN THE USE OF THESE WEAPONS IN ALL
- THREE COUNTRIES. CONTINUED ANALYSIS OF PRIOR
- DATA AND NEWLY-ACQUIRED INFORMATION ABOUT SOVIET
- MYCOTOXIN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, CHEMICAL
- WARFARE TRAINING IN VIETNAM, THE PRESENCE OF
- SOVIET CHEMICAL WARFARE ADVISORS IN LAOS AND
- VIETNAM, AND THE PRESENCE OF THE SAME UNUSUAL
- TRICHOHECENE TOXINS IN SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM
- ALL THREE COUNTRIES REINFORCE OUR EARLIER
- CONCLUSION ABOUT THE COMPLICITY OF THE SOVIET
- UNION AND ABOUT ITS EXTENT.

IN LAOS, REPORTS OF CHEMICAL ATTACKS AGAINST HMOING
VILLAGES AND GUERRILLA STRONGHOLDS DATE FROM MID-1975
AND DESCRIBE OVER 240 SEPARATE INCIDENTS. HMOING
REFUGEES, WHO HAVE RECOUNTED THE FAMILIAR DETAILS OF
ATTACK BY TOXIC AGENTS AND EXHIBITED THE SAME SEVERE
MEDICAL SYMPTOMS, ENTERED THAILAND EACH MONTH FROM
JANUARY THROUGH JUNE OF THIS YEAR. THEY BROUGHT WITH
THEM MORE SAMPLES OF "YELLOW RAIN" DROPPED BY
AIRRAFT AND HELICOPTERS ON THEIR VILLAGES AND
CROPS. ANALYSIS OF THESE SAMPLES, SOME AS RECENT AS
OCTOBER 1982, SHOW THAT THE MATERIAL USED IN LAOS
CONTAINS TRICHOHECENE TOXINS WHICH CAUSE VOMITING,
BLEEDING, BLISTERING, SEVERE SKIN LESIONS AND OTHER
SYMPTOMS OBSERVED BY QUALIFIED DOCTORS. EXPERTS HAVE

SO THAT THERE IS NO MISTAKING THE EXTENT OF EVIDENCE
OR THE GRAVITY OF THESE CHARGES, I SHOULD LIKE NOW TO
BRIEFLY REVIEW THE SITUATION IN EACH COUNTRY. IN
AFGHANISTAN, SOVIET FORCES ARE KNOWN TO HAVE USED
LETHAL CHEMICAL AGENTS AGAINST MUJAHIDIN RESISTANCE
FORCES AND AFGHAN VILLAGES AT LEAST SINCE THE SOVIET
INVASION IN DECEMBER 1979. WE NOW HAVE EVIDENCE OF
AT LEAST 60 SEPARATE ATTACKS THROUGH OCTOBER 1982.
NEW EVIDENCE INDICATES THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE
CONTINUED SELECTIVE USE OF TOXIC AGENTS IN
AFGHANISTAN UP TO THE PRESENT. FOR THE FIRST TIME,
WE HAVE OBTAINED SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE OF THE USE OF
MYCOTOXINS BY THE SOVIETS THROUGH ANALYSES OF TWO
CONTAMINATED SOVIET GAS MASKS ACQUIRED IN
AFGHANISTAN, ONE DIRECTLY FROM THE BODY OF A SOVIET
SOLDIER. ANALYSIS OF MATERIAL TAKEN FROM THE
OUTSIDE SURFACE OF ONE MASK HAS SHOWN THE PRESENCE OF
TRICHOHECENE MYCOTOXIN. ANALYSIS OF A HOSE FROM THE
SECOND SOVIET MASK SHOWED THE PRESENCE OF SEVERAL
MYCOTOXINS. IN ADDITION, A VEGETATION SAMPLE FROM
AFGHANISTAN SHOWS PRELIMINARY EVIDENCE OF THE
PRESENCE OF MYCOTOXINS.

UNCLASSIFIED

OUR HYPOTHESIS THAT MYCOTOXINS WERE BEING USED IN
AFGHANISTAN HAS NOW BEEN CONFIRMED. REPORTS DURING
1980 AND 1981 DESCRIBED A YELLOW-BROWN MIST DELIVERED

UNCLASSIFIED

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

UNCLASSIFIED
Department of State

INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 01 USUN N 03884 04 OF 07 082359Z
ACTION 10-15

5118

INFO OCT-00 COPY-01 ADS-00 IHR-10 , EUR-00 , SS-10 , OIC-02 ,
AF-00 CIAE-00 EA-12 DODE-00 , G-01 , NSA-07 , NSC-01 ,
ARA-00 NSAE-00 HA-08 L-03 , DOE-10 , FM-09 , PA-02 ,
SAL-01 OES-09 ACDA-12 SSH-02 , USIB-00 SP-02 , ONP-01 ,
SPRS-01 /157 W

-----035105 090014Z /63

P 082332Z DEC 82
FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5454
INFO AMEMBASSY DJIBOUTI
AMEMBASSY MOGADISHU
AMEMBASSY ADDIS ABABA
AMEMBASSY MOSCOW
AMEMBASSY BANGKOK
AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD
AMEMBASSY KABUL PRIORITY
AMEMBASSY VIENTIANE PRIORITY
USMISSION GENEVA

UNCLAS SECTION 04 OF 07 USUN NEW YORK 03884

CONCLUDED THAT THE HMONG HAVE BEEN EXPOSED TO A TOXIC
AGENT AND THAT NO DISEASE, PLANT OR CHEMICAL OCCURRING
IN NATURE COULD HAVE CAUSED SUCH UNIQUE PHYSICAL
EFFECTS.

AS IN AFGHANISTAN, PHYSICAL EVIDENCE -- INCLUDING
BLOOD SAMPLES AND BIOLOGICAL SPECIMENS -- HAS BEEN
CORROBORATED BY EYEWITNESS ACCOUNTS AND TESTIMONY
FROM MANY SOURCES INCLUDING SOME RESPONSIBLE FOR THE
ATTACKS. A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION OF CHEMICAL WARFARE
IN LAOS BETWEEN 1976-78 WAS PROVIDED BY A FORMER
PILOT OF THE LAO PEOPLE'S LIBERATION ARMY WHO FLEW
AIRCRAFT EQUIPPED TO DISPENSE TOXIC CHEMICAL AGENTS
ON HMONG VILLAGES IN THE PHOU BIA AREA OF NORTHERN
LAOS. HE CONFIRMED THAT THE LPLA, IN COOPERATION
WITH THE VIETNAMESE ARMY, HAS CONDUCTED CHEMICAL
WARFARE IN LAOS AT LEAST SINCE APRIL 1976. SINCE
THAT TIME, DESCRIPTIONS OF THE ATTACKS HAVE BEEN
REMARKABLY CONSISTENT AND USUALLY INVOLVE AIRCRAFT OR
HELICOPTERS SPRAYING YELLOW RAIN ON HMONG VILLAGES
AND CROPS.

FINALLY, IN KAMPUCHEA, WE HAVE EVIDENCE OF OVER 140
SEPARATE CHEMICAL ATTACKS. SINCE OCTOBER 1978, THE
GOVERNMENT OF DEMOCRATIC KAMPUCHEA HAS REGULARLY
ACCUSED VIETNAM AND ITS CLIENTS IN KAMPUCHEA OF USING
SOVIET-MADE CHEMICAL AGENTS AGAINST GUERRILLA FORCES
AND CIVILIANS ALIKE. IN THE PAST YEAR, MOST OF THESE
ATTACKS HAVE OCCURRED NEAR THE THAI BORDER,
FACILITATING COLLECTION OF SAMPLES AND OTHER EVIDENCE
OF TOXIN USE. ANALYSIS OF BLOOD, TISSUE, URINE AND
OTHER SAMPLES FROM VICTIMS OF SUCH ATTACKS DURING
FEBRUARY AND MARCH HAS BEEN PERFORMED IN THREE
COUNTRIES. WHILE RESULTS DIFFERED ACCORDING TO
TECHNIQUES USED, ALL CONCLUDED THAT ILLNESS HAS BEEN
PROVOKED BY TOXIC AGENTS.

AGAIN IN KAMPUCHEA, THE PERPETRATORS THEMSELVES HAVE
PROVIDED DETAILS ON THE ATTACKS. A VIETNAMESE ARMY
SOLDIER REPORTS THAT DURING OPERATIONS IN THE PHNOM
PENH REGION HE OBSERVED TWO SOVIET PERSONNEL FIRING
HAND-HELD CHEMICAL WEAPONS. THREE HUNDRED PERSONS
DIED IN THE ATTACK HE CITED. MR. CHAIRMAN, THIS
CARNAGE IS CONTINUING AND WE HAVE REPORTS OF CHEMICAL
WARFARE IN KAMPUCHEA AS RECENTLY AS NOVEMBER 1982.
I HAVE ATTEMPTED HERE TO SUMMARIZE OUR FINDINGS WITH
RESPECT TO EACH COUNTRY AS BRIEFLY AS POSSIBLE

THESE CONCLUSIONS REST ON A LARGE BODY OF EVIDENCE
ASSEMBLED WITH THE FULL RESOURCES OF THE US
GOVERNMENT. HUNDREDS OF SAMPLES HAVE NOW BEEN
COLLECTED FROM SOUTHEAST ASIA SINCE MID-1979 AND FROM
AFGHANISTAN SINCE MAY 1980. TISSUE SPECIMENS AND
BODY FLUIDS FROM ATTACK VICTIMS HAVE BEEN ANALYZED
BOTH BY THE US GOVERNMENT LABORATORIES AND BY THOSE
OF INDEPENDENT AMERICAN UNIVERSITIES. POSITIVE
FINDINGS HAVE ALSO BEEN PRESENTED BEFORE THE
INTERNATIONALLY RESPECTED SOCIETY OF TOXICOLOGY, THE
INTERNATIONAL MYCOTOXIN SYMPOSIUM IN VIENNA AND THE
ASSOCIATION OF ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY. NOR ARE THESE
FINDINGS LIMITED TO THE US. A COMPREHENSIVE
TOXICOLOGICAL STUDY WAS CARRIED OUT BY DR. BRUNO
SCHIEFER OF THE UNIVERSITY OF SASKATCHEWAN AND
SUBMITTED AS UNITED NATIONS DOCUMENT A/37/308 OF
JUNE 21, 1982. AN EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDY WAS
INITIATED BY THE SURGEON GENERAL OF THE CANADIAN
ARMED FORCES AND MADE AVAILABLE TO THE
SECRETARY-GENERAL ON AUGUST 25, 1982. RESEARCH
CONDUCTED IN THE LABORATORIES OF THAILAND HAS ALSO
FOUND EVIDENCE OF TOXIC CHEMICALS NOT NATURALLY
PRESENT IN SOUTHEAST ASIA.

I WOULD LIKE TO SUGGEST, MR. CHAIRMAN, THAT IT IS
EASY TO DISCOUNT INDIVIDUAL BITS OF EVIDENCE. ONE
CAN DISMISS EYEWITNESS TESTIMONY AS BIASED OR
PHOTOGRAPHS AS DOCTORED OR LABORATORY ANALYSIS AS
INCONCLUSIVE OR TESTIMONY BY OTHER PERSONS AS
HEARSAY. BUT WHEN A BODY OF EVIDENCE ACCUMULATES, AS
IT HAS IN AFGHANISTAN AND SOUTHEAST ASIA, WITH THE
VARIOUS COMPONENTS INDEPENDENTLY CONFIRMING CHEMICAL
WARFARE, IT IS NO LONGER POSSIBLE TO DO SO.
CONSIDER, FOR EXAMPLE, THE COMPOSITE PICTURE THAT
EMERGES FROM TESTIMONY AND EVIDENCE OF CHEMICAL

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

UNCLASSIFIED
Department of State

INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 01 USUN N 03884 05 OF 07 090001Z
ACTION 10-15

5119

INFO OCT-00 COPY-01 ADS-00 INR-10 EUR-00 SS-10 OIC-02
AF-00 CIAE-00 EA-12 DOE-00 H*01 NEA-07 NSG-01
ARA-00 NSAE-00 HA-08 L-00 DOE-10 PM-09 PA-02
SAL-01 OES-09 ACDA-12 SSM-00 JSIE-00 SP-02 SRP-01
SPRS-01 /157 W

-----035117 090015Z /63

P 082332Z DEC 82
FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5455
INFO AMEMBASSY DJIBOUTI
AMEMBASSY MOGADISHU
AMEMBASSY ADDIS ABABA
AMEMBASSY MOSCOW
AMEMBASSY BANGKOK
AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD
AMEMBASSY KABUL PRIORITY
AMEMBASSY VIENTIANE PRIORITY
USMISSION GENEVA

UNCLAS SECTION 05 OF 07 USUN NEW YORK 03884

WARFARE IN LAOS:

- A LAO PILOT HAS TESTIFIED TO DROPPING CHEMICAL AGENTS FROM A SPECIALLY EQUIPPED AIRCRAFT;
- THE HMONG VICTIMS HAVE GIVEN THEIR VERSION OF THE PLANE AND CLOUD OF YELLOW RAIN FALLING TO THE GROUND;
- SEPARATE SOURCES HAVE CONFIRMED THE PRESENCE IN THE AREA OF AN AIRCRAFT OF THE TYPE DESCRIBED BY THE PILOT AND THE VICTIMS;
- SUBSEQUENT MEDICAL EXAMINATION OF VICTIMS REVEALS SYMPTOMS CAUSED BY TOXIC AGENTS;
- STARTING IN 1981 EVIDENCE FROM DEFACTORS AND EYEWITNESSES WAS SUPPORTED BY BLOOD AND TISSUE ANALYSIS FROM VICTIMS SHOWING HIGH LEVELS OF TRICHOHECENE MYCOTOXIN.

FACED WITH MASSIVE EVIDENCE OF CHEMICAL WARFARE, THE SOVIET REPOSE HAS BEEN CYNICAL DENIAL. THE SOVIET PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE HAS ATTEMPTED TO DELIBERATELY OBFUSCATE THE ISSUE BY CIRCULATING TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THREE DOCUMENTS WITH ELABORATE DENIALS AND COUNTER-CHARGES. HE DISMISSES THE EXCRUTIATING DEATHS CAUSED BY CHEMICAL WEAPONS OF WELL OVER 6,000 LAO, 1,000 KAMPUCHEANS AND MORE THAN 3,000 AFGHANS AS "MALICIOUS FABRICATION," "UNCONFIRMED HEARSAY," AND "A NOISY PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN." THE SOVIET UNION HAS EVEN CLAIMED IN DOCUMENTS SUBMITTED TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY THAT THE TOXIN WHICH EYEWITNESSES REPORT IS DISTRIBUTED BY MIKOYAN-24 HELICOPTERS, ANTONOV-2 BI-PLANES, ILYUSHIN-28 BOMBERS OR SPECIAL ARTILLERY SHELLS IS THE RESULT OF HERBICIDES USED BY THE US IN VIETNAM. TO DATE, THE SOVIETS HAVE ISSUED SUCH DENIALS CONFIDENT IN THE KNOWLEDGE THAT THE CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS INVOLVED WOULD NOT BE DETECTED BY THE WEST. WE ARE NOW, HOWEVER, ABLE TO ISOLATE THE COMPONENTS OF YELLOW RAIN. THEY ARE TRICHOHECENE MYCOTOXINS AT STRENGTHS MANY TIMES HIGHER THAN FOUND IN NATURE. THERE IS GOOD EVIDENCE FOR THE PRESENCE OF COMMERCIALY-PRODUCED POLLEN AS A CARRIER AND TO HELP ENSURE THE RETENTION OF TOXINS IN THE HUMAN BODY. THERE IS FURTHER EVIDENCE OF AN ADDED CHEMICAL TO GIVE THE MIXTURE ADHESIVENESS. THESE TOXINS DO

NOT EXIST TOGETHER IN NATURE UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES NOR SEPARATELY IN THE STRENGTHS FOUND IN YELLOW RAIN. THEY ARE DERIVED FROM SOPHISTICATED PRODUCTION OF LETHAL TOXINS WITHIN THE SOVIET UNION.

IT IS A MATTER OF RECORD THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS DEVELOPED A CAPACITY FOR MULTI-TON PRODUCTION OF LETHAL TOXINS SUCH AS THESE. EVIDENCE ACCUMULATED SINCE WORLD WAR II SHOWS THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE MADE EXTENSIVE PREPARATION FOR LARGE SCALE OFFENSIVE AND DEFENSIVE CHEMICAL WARFARE. TOXIC AGENTS AND DELIVERY SYSTEMS HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED, ALONG WITH PRODUCTION AND STORAGE AREAS WITHIN THE SOVIET UNION AND CONTINUING RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND TESTING OF NEW AGENTS AT THE MAJOR SOVIET CHEMICAL PROVING GROUNDS. CHEMICAL WARFARE BATTALIONS ARE PART OF THE STANDARD TABLE OF ORGANIZATION FOR SOVIET ARMED DIVISIONS INCLUDING THOSE DEPLOYED IN AFGHANISTAN TODAY. WHILE THE SOVIETS LABEL THESE UNITS AS "DEFENSIVE," I SUBMIT THAT THE ILL-EQUIPPED MAJAHIDIN RESISTANCE FORCES POSE NO CHEMICAL WARFARE THREAT TO SOVIET OCCUPATION FORCES.

THE SOVIET RESPONSE TO EVIDENCE OF THEIR OWN BRUTALITY IN AFGHANISTAN AND SOUTHEAST ASIA IS THE CLASSIC TOTALITARIAN TECHNIQUE OF ACCUSING OTHERS OF PRECISELY THEIR OWN CRIMES. THE SOVIET UNION IN SUBMISSIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS, MAKES THE SAME TIERED CHARGES ABOUT AMERICAN USE OF HERBICIDES IN THE VIETNAM WAR. MR. CHAIRMAN, THE VIETNAM WAR ENDED ALMOST TEN YEARS AGO. LET NO ONE FORGET, HOWEVER, THAT THE CHEMICALS IN AGENT ORANGE WERE IN WIDESPREAD COMMERCIAL USE, AIMED AT PLANTS, NOT PEOPLE. MORE HAS BEEN SPRAYED ALONG US STATE HIGHWAYS THAN IN ALL OF VIETNAM, AND ARE STILL IN COMMERCIAL USE ON A

NOV 10 1982

UNCLASSIFIED

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

UNCLASSIFIED
Department of State

INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 01 USUN N 03864 06 OF 07 030003Z
ACTION 10-15

5122

POPULATIONS OF THE THIRD WORLD IS IN CYNICAL CONTEMPT
OF INTERNATIONAL LAW AND HUMAN DECENCY.

INFO OCT-03 COPY-01 ADC-00 IMP-10 EUR-00 SS-10 910-02,
AF-00 CIAE-00 EA-12 000-00 H-00 JEA-07 1300-01
ARA-00 NSAE-00 HA-00 0-00 DOE-10 NM-09 PA-02
SAL-01 OES-09 ACDA-12 001-02 USCIE-00 0-02 SIP-01
SPRS-01 /157 W

THE FACTS ARE GRIM. CHEMICAL WEAPONS PROVOKE FEAR,
REVOLUTION AND AN UNWILLINGNESS TO FACE THE REALITY OF
THEIR USE. ON SUCH MATTERS, TO PARAPHRASE WILLIAM
JAMES, THE WILL TO DISBELIEVE IS PALPABLY STRONG.
YET THE UNITED NATIONS EXPERTS GROUP HAS NOW
CONCLUDED THAT "IT COULD NOT DISREGARD THE
CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE SUGGESTIVE OF THE POSSIBLE
USE OF SOME SORT OF TOXIC CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE IN SOME
INSTANCES." THIS QUALIFIED LANGUAGE IS NOT
SURPRISING. THE TEAM WAS REPEATEDLY DENIED ACCESS TO
EACH OF THE THREE COUNTRIES -- LAOS, KAMPUCHEA, AND
AFGHANISTAN -- WHERE IT WAS SUPPOSED TO INVESTIGATE
REPORTS OF CHEMICAL WARFARE. IN WORDS FROM THEIR
REPORT, "DUE TO CIRCUMSTANCES BEYOND ITS CONTROL, THE
GROUP WAS NOT IN A POSITION TO PROCEED TO THE
TERRITORIES WHERE CHEMICAL ATTACKS HAD ALLEGEDLY
OCCURRED AND IT WAS, THEREFORE, UNABLE TO CONDUCT ANY
ON-SITE INVESTIGATIONS ON THOSE TERRITORIES."

-----035142 030016Z /63

P 082332Z DEC 82
FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5436
INFO AMEMBASSY DJIBOUTI
AMEMBASSY MOGADISHU
AMEMBASSY ADDIS ABABA
AMEMBASSY MOSCOW
AMEMBASSY BANGKOK
AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD
AMEMBASSY KABUL PRIORITY
AMEMBASSY VIENTIANE PRIORITY
USMISSION GENEVA

UNCLAS SECTION 06 OF 07 USUN NEW YORK 03864

RESTRICTED BASIS IN THE US AND ELSEWHERE. THERE IS,
IN ANY CASE, NO CONNECTION BETWEEN USE OF A
COMMERCIAL HERBICIDE AGAINST PLANTS AND DELIBERATE
USE OF LETHAL CHEMICALS BY THE SOVIET UNION AGAINST
HUMAN BEINGS.

IT IS, OF COURSE, DISAPPOINTING THAT, AFTER TWO YEARS
OF INVESTIGATION, THE UNITED NATIONS EXPERTS GROUP
WAS UNABLE TO REACH MORE DEFINITIVE CONCLUSIONS.
NONETHELESS, THE MATERIAL COMPILED BY THE UNITED
NATIONS TEAM AND DOCUMENTED IN THEIR REPORT SUPPORTS
OUR FINDING THAT TRICHOCECENE TOXINS HAVE BEEN
IDENTIFIED IN SAMPLES. FURTHERMORE, THE TEAM NOTES
EVIDENCE THAT THESE TOXIN AGENTS HAVE BEEN USED.
THE UNITED NATIONS EXPERTS DO NOT RULE OUT THE
POSSIBILITY OF NATURAL CONTAMINATION, ALTHOUGH THEY
ADMIT IT IS UNLIKELY. IT HAS BEEN SHOWN
SCIENTIFICALLY, HOWEVER, THAT THIS IS NOT THE CASE.

IT HAS BEEN EASY FOR SOME TO DISMISS SOUTHEAST ASIA
AND AFGHANISTAN AS REMOTE AREAS, SUBJECT TO STRIFE
FOR GENERATIONS. YET, WHAT IS OCCURRING THERE MAY
BECOME THE PATTERN OF THE FUTURE IF WE CONTINUE TO
AVOID THE FACTS, PREFERRING NOT TO CALL THOSE
RESPONSIBLE TO ACCOUNT. CHEMICAL WARFARE IS FIRST
AND FOREMOST A GLOBAL ISSUE WITH GREATEST
SIGNIFICANCE FOR THOSE LEAST ABLE TO DEFEND AGAINST
CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS.

SPEAKING BEFORE THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS, HAILE SELASSIE
OF ETHIOPIA DESCRIBED HOW "SPECIAL SPRAYERS WERE
INSTALLED IN AIRCRAFT SO THAT THEY COULD VAPORIZE
OVER VAST AREAS OF TERRITORY A FINE DEATH-DEALING
RAIN. IT WAS THUS THAT AS FROM THE END OF JANUARY
1935, SOLDIERS, WOMEN, CHILDREN, CATTLE, RIVERS,
LAKES, AND PASTURES WERE DRENCHED CONTINUOUSLY WITH
THIS DEADLY RAIN." TODAY THERE ARE AGAIN REPORTS OF
CHEMICAL WARFARE IN ETHIOPIA AT TURUKRUK NEAR THE
SUDANESE BORDER ON FEBRUARY 15 AND, MORE RECENTLY, IN
AN ATTACK 37 SURVIVORS OF WHICH WERE FOUND BY A
WESTERN-TRAINED DOCTOR TO EXHIBIT PERSUASIVE SYMPTOMS
OF NERVE GAS. WE BELIEVE THESE ALLEGATIONS, AS YET
UNPROVEN, DESERVE INVESTIGATION. THEY ARE DISTURBING
HARBINGERS OF POSSIBLE REPETITION ELSEWHERE OF THE
PATTERN WE SEE TODAY IN AFGHANISTAN AND SOUTHEAST
ASIA. CHEMICAL WARFARE, CONDUCTED BY PROXY IN THE
THIRD WORLD, AS IT IS TODAY BY VIETNAM IN LAOS AND
KAMPUCHEA, IS A FRIGHTENING POSSIBILITY.
THE PROTOCOLS AND CONVENTIONS TO LIMIT THESE
INSIDIOUS WEAPONS ARE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL
NATIONS. THE PROHIBITION ON THE USE OF CHEMICAL
WEAPONS HAS, BY REASON OF THE PRACTICE AND
AFFIRMATIONS OF STATES, BECOME A PART OF THE RULES OF
CUSTOMARY INTERNATIONAL LAW WHICH ARE BINDING ON ALL
STATES. AS BIOLOGICALLY-PRODUCED CHEMICAL
SUBSTANCES, THE TOXINS WHOSE USE I HAVE DESCRIBED
FALL WITHIN THE PROHIBITIONS OF BOTH THE 1925
PROTOCOL AND THE 1972 BIOLOGICAL AND TOXIN WEAPONS
CONVENTION. VIOLATION OF THESE BASIC AGREEMENTS BY
USE OF SOPHISTICATED TOXINS AGAINST DEFENSELESS

SECRET

UNCLASSIFIED

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

UNCLASSIFIED
Department of State

INCOMING
TELEGRAM

PAGE 01 USUN N 03884 07 OF 07 090005Z 5124
ACTION 10-15

INFO OCT-00 COPY-01 ADS-00 INR-10 EUR-00 SS-10 OIC-01
AF-00 CIAE-00 EA-12 DODE-00 H-01 NEA-07 NSC-01
ARA-00 NSAE-00 HA-08 L-03 DOE-10 PM-09 PA-02
SAL-01 OES-09 ACDA-12 SSN-02 USIE-00 SP-02 SNP-01
SPRS-01 /157 W

ALL WHO WOULD SEEK TO PROMOTE HUMAN RIGHTS, AND
ALL WHO WOULD SEEK TO MAINTAIN THE CREDIBILITY OF
INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS, HAVE A DUTY TO CALL
WORLD ATTENTION TO THE CONTINUING USE OF CHEMICAL
AND TOXIN WEAPONS, AND TO SEEK A HALT TO THEIR
USE."

-----035172 090016Z /63

P 082332Z DEC 82
FM USMISSION USUN NEW YORK
TO SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5457
INFO AMEMBASSY DJIBOUTI
AMEMBASSY MOGADISHU
AMEMBASSY ADDIS ABABA
AMEMBASSY MOSCOW
AMEMBASSY BANGKOK
AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD
AMEMBASSY KABUL PRIORITY
AMEMBASSY VIENTIANE PRIORITY
USMISSION GENEVA

MR. CHAIRMAN, EIGHT YEARS AGO THE WORLD WAS DEAF TO
REPORTS OF CHEMICAL WARFARE FROM LAOS. TODAY, WE
HAVE THE FIRST INDICATION THAT USE OF THESE NOXIOUS
WEAPONS MAY HAVE SPREAD INTO AFRICA AS WELL. WE
CANNOT AFFORD TO LOSE ANOTHER EIGHT YEARS AND
COUNTLESS LIVES. THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY MUST
ACT AND ACT NOW TO BUILD PRESSURE TO STOP THIS
CONTINUING OUTRAGE. THANK YOU, MR. CHAIRMAN. END
TEXT.

MINIMIZE CONSIDERED KABUL.
ADELMAN

UNCLAS SECTION 07 OF 07 USUN NEW YORK 03884

THIS LEAVES AS THE EXPLANATION THE ONLY OTHER
POSSIBILITY OFFERED IN THE UNITED NATIONS REPORT:
NAMELY, THAT CHEMICAL AND TOXIN AGENTS ARE BEING
USED. WE ALSO NOTE THAT THE SOVIET EXPLANATION FOR
THE PRESENCE OF THESE LETHAL TOXINS IN SOUTHEAST
ASIA, AS SUBMITTED IN THEIR SCIENTIFIC REPORT TO THE
UNITED NATIONS, WAS DISMISSED BY THE UNITED NATIONS
EXPERTS AS SCIENTIFICALLY UNSOUND.

IT IS NOT SURPRISING THAT THE UNITED NATIONS REPORT
IS LESS DEFINITIVE THAN THOSE OF THE UNITED STATES.
THE U.N. TEAM WAS SUBJECT TO SEVERE RESTRICTIONS OF
BOTH TIME AND RESOURCES. IN TWO YEARS THE TEAM WAS
ABLE TO MEET ONLY SIX TIMES AND CARRY OUT THREE BRIEF
TRIPS TO PAKISTAN AND THAILAND.

IT IS IRONIC, THEREFORE, THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS
CHOSEN TO EMPHASIZE THE AMBIGUITIES IN THE UNITED
NATIONS REPORT, AS REFLECTED IN PRAVDA ON DECEMBER 2,
1982, EVEN BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS REPORT WAS
ISSUED. WHAT PRAVDA DID NOT REPORT IS THAT THE
UNWILLINGNESS OF THE USSR AND ITS CLIENTS TO
COOPERATE WITH THE UNITED NATIONS TEAM CRIPPLED THE
INVESTIGATION.

LET US NOT BE MISLED BY DENIALS. THE STRENGTH OF
INTERNATIONAL LAW, MR. CHAIRMAN, DEPENDS IN LARGE
PART ON PROMPT INTERNATIONAL REACTION TO ITS
VIOLATION. A TREATY THAT WHEN BROKEN CAUSES NO
OUTCRY IS WITHOUT STRENGTH. THE EVIDENCE IS NOW IN.
LET IT NOT BE SAID OF US HERE THAT THE JURY WAS
INDIFFERENT. IN THE WORDS OF SECRETARY OF STATE
GEORGE SHULTZ:

- "THE WORLD CANNOT BE SILENT IN THE FACE OF SUCH
- HUMAN SUFFERING AND SUCH CYNICAL REGARD FOR
- INTERNATIONAL LAW AND AGREEMENTS. THE USE OF
- CHEMICAL AND TOXIC WEAPONS MUST BE STOPPED.
- RESPECT FOR EXISTING AGREEMENTS MUST BE RESTORED
- AND THE AGREEMENTS THEMSELVES STRENGTHENED.
- RESPECT FOR THE DIGNITY OF HUMANITY MUST BE
- RESTORED. FAILURE TO ACHIEVE THESE GOALS CAN
- ONLY HAVE SERIOUS IMPLICATIONS FOR THE SECURITY
- OF SMALLER NATIONS, LIKE THOSE WHOSE PEOPLE ARE
- BEING ATTACKED. IF SUCH BASIC ELEMENTS OF HUMAN
- RIGHTS CAN BE SO FUNDAMENTALLY IGNORED, HOW CAN
- WE BELIEVE ANY PLEDGES TO RESPECT HUMAN RIGHTS?

UNCLASSIFIED

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE